#### §25.104 Termination of bonds.

Brewer's bonds may be terminated as to liability for future removals or receipts (a) pursuant to application of the surety as provided in §25.103, (b) on approval of a superseding bond, or (c) on notification by the principal that the business has been discontinued. On termination of the surety's liability under a bond, the appropriate ATF officer will notify the principal and sureties.

(31 U.S.C. 9301, 9303)

#### §25.105 Release of collateral security.

Bonds, notes, and other obligations of the United States, pledged and deposited as security in connection with bonds required by this part will be released in accordance with 31 CFR Part 225. When the appropriate ATF officer determines there is no outstanding liability against the bond and that it is no longer necessary to hold the security, he or she shall fix the date or dates on which a part or all of the security will be released. At any time prior to the release of the security, the appropriate ATF officer may, for proper cause, extend the date of release of the security for an additional length of time as may be appropriate.

(31 U.S.C. 9301, 9303)

#### Subpart I—Special Taxes

LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL TAX

### §25.111 Brewer's special tax.

(a) General. Every brewer shall pay a special (occupational) tax at the rate specified by §25.111a or §25.111b, whichever is applicable. The tax shall be paid on or before the date of commencing business as a brewer, and thereafter every year on or before July 1. On commencing business, the tax shall be computed from the first day of the month in which liability is incurred, through the following June 30. Thereafter, the tax shall be computed for the entire year (July 1 through June 30).

(b) Transition rule. A brewer who was engaged in business on January 1, 1988, and paid a special (occupational) tax for a taxable period which began before January 1, 1988, and included that date, shall pay an increased special tax for

the period January 1, 1988, through June 30, 1988. The increased special tax shall not exceed one-half the excess (if any) of (1) the rate of special tax in effect on January 1, 1988, over (2) the rate of such tax in effect on December 31, 1987. The increased special tax shall be paid on or before April 1, 1988.

(26 U.S.C. 5091, 5142)

[T.D. ATF-271, 53 FR 17547, May 17, 1988]

#### §25.111a Special tax rates.

- (a) *Prior rates*. The special (occupational) tax imposed on brewers prior to January 1, 1988, was \$110 a year, except that the special tax for any brewer of less than 500 barrels a year was \$55 a year.
- (b) Rate effective January 1, 1988. The special tax rate imposed on brewers (other than small brewers as defined in §25.111b) is \$1000 a year.

(26 U.S.C. 5091)

 $[\mathrm{T.D.\ ATF-}271,\,53\ \mathrm{FR}\ 17547,\,\mathrm{May}\ 17,\,1988]$ 

# § 25.111b Reduced rate of tax for small brewers.

(a) General. Effective January 1, 1988, 26 U.S.C. 5091(b) provides for a reduced rate of tax with respect to any brewer whose gross receipts (for the most recent taxable year ending before the first day of the taxable period to which the tax imposed by §25.111 relates) are less than \$500,000. The rate of tax for such a brewer is \$500 a year. The "taxable year" to be used for determining gross receipts is the taxpayer's income tax year. All gross receipts of the taxpayer shall be included, not just the gross receipts of the business subject to special tax. Proprietors of new businesses that have not yet begun a taxable year, as well as proprietors of existing businesses that have not yet ended a taxable year, who commence a new activity subject to special tax, qualify for the reduced special (occupational) tax rate, unless the business is a member of a "controlled group"; in that case, the rules of paragraph (b) of this section shall apply.

(b) Controlled group. In determining gross receipts, all persons treated as one taxpayer under 26 U.S.C. 5061(e)(3) shall be treated as one taxpayer for

#### § 25.112

purposes of paragraph (a) of this section. "Controlled group" means a controlled group of corporations, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 1563, and implementing regulations in 26 CFR 1.1563-1 through 1.1563–4, except that the words "at least 80 percent" shall be replaced by the words "more than 50 percent" in each place they appear in subsection (a) of 26 U.S.C. 1563, as well as in the implementing regulations. Also, the rules for a "controlled group of corporations" apply in a similar fashion to groups which include partnerships and/or sole proprietorships. If one entity maintains more than 50% control over a group consisting of corporations and one, or more, partnerships and/or sole proprietorships, all of the members of the controlled group are one taxpayer for the purpose of this section.

- (c) Short taxable year. Gross receipts for any taxable year of less than 12 months shall be annualized by multiplying the gross receipts for the short period by 12 and dividing the result by the number of months in the short period as required by 26 U.S.C. 448(c)(3).
- (d) Returns and allowances. Gross receipts for any taxable year shall be reduced by returns and allowances made during that year under 26 U.S.C. 448(c)(3).

 $(26~\mathrm{U.S.C.}~448,\,5061,\,5091)$ 

[T.D. ATF-271, 53 FR 17547, May 17, 1988]

## $\S 25.112$ Wholesaler's special tax.

A brewer shall be subject to or exempt from a wholesaler's special (occupational) tax as provided in Part 194 of this chapter.

(26 U.S.C. 5111, 5142)

 $[\mathrm{T.D.\ ATF-}271,\ 53\ \mathrm{FR}\ 17548,\ \mathrm{May}\ 17,\ 1988]$ 

# § 25.113 Each place of business taxable.

(a) General. A brewer incurs special tax liability at each place of business in which an occupation subject to special tax is conducted. A place of business means the entire office, plant or area of the business in any one location under the same proprietorship. Passageways, streets, highways, rail crossings, waterways, or partitions dividing the premises are not sufficient separation to require additional special tax,

if the divisions of the premises are otherwise contiguous.

(b) Exception for contiguous areas. A brewer will not incur additional special tax liability for sales of beer made at a location other than on brewery premises described on the brewer's notice. Form 5130.10, if the location where such sales are made is contiguous to the brewery premises in the manner described in paragraph (a) of this section.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1347, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5143))

# § 25.114 Exemptions from dealer's special taxes.

- (a) Brewer. A brewer is not required to pay special tax as a wholesale or retail dealer in beer because of sales, at the principal place of business or at the brewery, of beer which at the time of sale is stored at the brewery or which had been removed and stored in a taxpaid storeroom operated in connection with the brewery. Each brewer shall have only one exemption from dealer's special tax for each brewery. The brewer may designate, in writing to the appropriate ATF officer, that the principal place of business will be exempt from dealer's special tax; otherwise, the exemption will apply to the brewerv.
- (b) Wholesale dealer. A wholesale dealer in beer who has paid the appropriate special tax will not again be required to pay special tax as a wholesale dealer in beer because of sales of beer to wholesale or retail dealers in liquors or beer or to limited retail dealers, at the purchaser's place of business.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1340, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5113))

EXECUTION OF SPECIAL TAX RETURNS

### §25.117 Special tax returns.

Special tax shall be paid by return. The prescribed return is ATF Form 5630.5, Special Tax Registration and Return. Special tax returns, with payment of tax, shall be filed with ATF in accordance with instructions on the form

[T.D. ATF-271, 53 FR 17548, May 17, 1988]